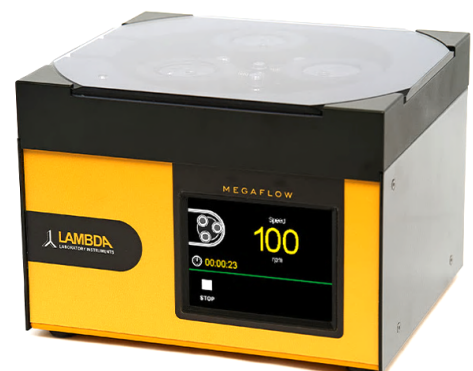


LAMBDA PERISTALTIC PUMP

Revision 16/2026

MANUAL



PRECIFLOW touch

HiFLOW touch

MAXIFLOW touch

MEGAFLOW touch

Software version 5.31 or later.

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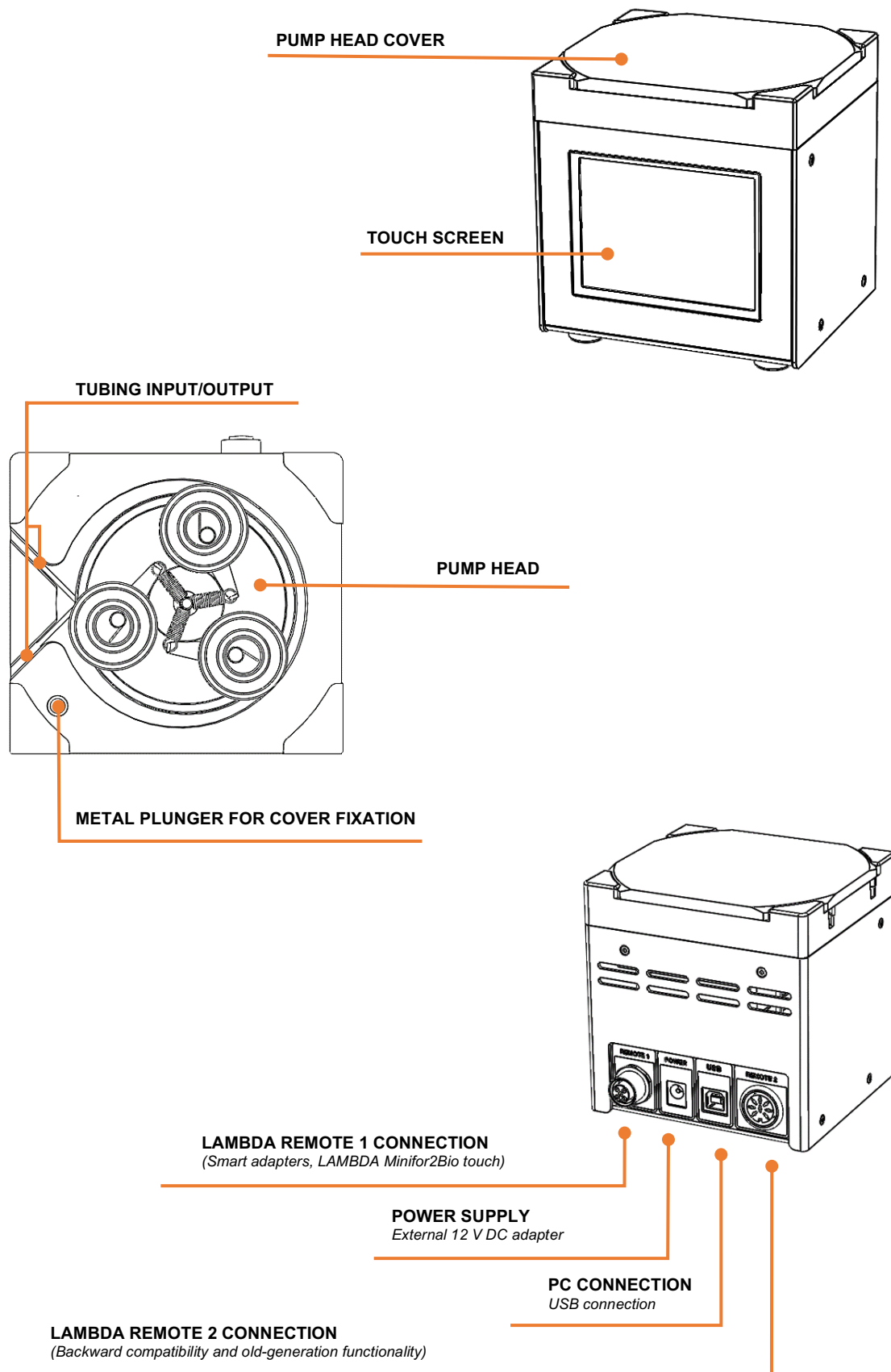
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1. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 TECHNICAL PARAMETERS OF LAMBDA PERISTALTIC PUMPS

	PRECIFLOW	HiFLOW	MAXIFLOW	MEGAFLOW
Type	Microprocessor-controlled programmable laboratory peristaltic pump			
Accuracy	± 5%			
Digital speed	0–1000 rpm	0–2800 rpm	0–3500 rpm	0–3500 rpm
	with 1 rpm			
Flow rate (for maximal tubing diameter)	up to 600 ml/h	up to 3 L/h	up to 10 L/h	up to 60 L/h
	with 0.1 ml/min / 0.1 ml/h steps			
Tubing	Silicone tubing or similar elastic materials (see below)			
Internal memory	Up to 10 pumping programs (100 items per program) & up to 32 fluid names			
Operating pressure	clockwise rotation: approx. 0.1 MPa; counter-clockwise rotation: approx. 0.15 MPa;			approx. 1.8 bar approx. 2.2 bar
Motor	Hybrid Stepper	BLDC 30 W	BLDC 50 W	BLDC 90 W
Gear ratio	9:1	64:1	20:1	20:1
Interface	USB 1.1/2.0, Remote 1 (CAN BUS), Remote 2 (0-10V, RS 485)			
Display	3.5" TFT IPS Display with 320 x 240 pixels resolution Viewing angles: ±70°			
Conformity	DIRECTIVE 2014/35/EU, DIRECTIVE 2014/30/EU			
Technical standards	EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019/AC:2019-04, EN 61326-1:2013			
Weight	< 1 kg	1.2 kg	1.2 kg	2.5 kg
Dimensions (W x H x D)	104.4 mm x 110 mm x 95 (103.3) mm			180 mm x 127 mm x 160 (169.5) mm
Operating temperature	0 – 40 °C			
Operating humidity	0 – 90%, not condensing			
Power supply	Plug-in power adapter Input Voltage: 90–240 V AC 50/60 Hz, Barrel jack 5.5/2.1			
	12 W 12 V / 1 A	30 W 12 V / 2.5 A	50 W 12 V / 4.16 A	90 W 12 V / 7.5 A

1.2 DEVICE DESCRIPTION



2 SAFETY

Thank you for choosing the LAMBDA peristaltic pump - LAMBDA PRECIFLOW *touch*, HiFLOW *touch*, MAXIFLOW *touch* and MEGAFLOW *touch*. This manual from LAMBDA offers safety information derived from laboratory experience and expertise in designing laboratory instruments.

This user manual guides the user's safety management team in facilitating the smooth integration of the equipment into their safety protocols. It includes detailed instructions for installing, operating, and maintaining the pump safely.

The entire manual must be carefully read and fully understood by the user before using the equipment!

The manual's explanations, descriptions, and figures may differ from the scope of delivery due to variations in made-to-order products or recent modifications.

2.1 INTENDED USE OF THE PUMP

The peristaltic pump is designed for laboratory pumping applications, which are usually carried out for industrial and scientific purposes. For proper use, it is essential to follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 USE RESTRICTIONS

- The pump is **not a medical device** and must not be used for medical applications on humans, animals, or therapy.
- The pump **must not be used in explosion-proof chambers or in the presence of flammable gases or fumes**. (The gas permeability of pump tubing depends on pressure conditions and the material used. Tubing can become electrostatically charged.)
- The pump must **not be operated outside the designed operating conditions**.
- For **specialized applications** not covered by the conventional, intended use, the equipment must be modified and certified accordingly by the manufacturer.

2.3 SAFETY FOR INSTALLATION, OPERATION, CLEANING, MAINTENANCE AND STORAGE

- › The pump must be installed and used only within the [designed operating conditions](#).
- › Do not cover the ventilation gaps of the peristaltic pump.
- › For safety reasons, the voltage of the external signal must **not exceed 12 V to earth!**
- › Do not grease the tubing holder slots on the pump head!
- › Use only **intact and [recommended tubing](#)**. **Test the selected speed before inserting the tubing** into LAMBDA PRECIFLOW *touch*, HiFLOW *touch* or MAXIFLOW *touch*. For LAMBDA MEGAFLOW *touch*, use the lowest speed during tubing insertion.
- › **Danger by rotating parts:** Be careful not to pinch the fingers when inserting the tubing into the pump head! Do not touch the rotating parts, and ensure that no clothing, gloves, hair, cable or loose objects become entangled!
- › By default, use clockwise rotation **for long-term applications**, as it results in lower friction and reduced liquid pressure (depending on the pump tubing diameter).
- › If higher pressure is required, use counter-clockwise rotation. Do not use counter-clockwise rotation for long-term applications.
- › For long-term use, operate within 0-70% of the maximum pump speed range. Higher pump speeds are intended only for short-term applications.
- › **Tubing** can tear and burst during operation, and the necessary safety measures must be taken based on the specific situation. **If any liquid enters the pump head**, disconnect the pump from the mains before cleaning and servicing.
- › If the pump is **not used for an extended period**, empty the tubing, remove the tubing from the pump head, and disconnect the pump from the mains.
- › **Do not open or remove the pump casing** without instructions from LAMBDA CZ s.r.o.!

For service and repairs, contact support@lambda-instruments.com for instructions. Repairs and services can only be carried out by an authorized person who is aware of

the hazard involved. LAMBDA assumes no liability for any service or repair performed by the user, an unauthorized person, or third-party companies.

3 GUARANTEE ON LAMBDA PERISTALTIC PUMP

LAMBDA offers a **5-year guarantee** on LAMBDA PRECIFLOW touch, and a **2-year guarantee** on LAMBDA HiFLOW touch, MAXIFLOW touch, and MEGAFLOW touch peristaltic pumps. These guarantees cover proven material and manufacturing defects, provided that the instrument was used following the operational manual and advice given by LAMBDA. Making a warranty claim will not affect the duration of the warranty. Further claims are excluded.

Conditions of guarantee:

- After consulting support@lambda-instruments.com, the pump must be returned with a comprehensive description of the defect/problem and an authorization number assigned by LAMBDA.
- The customer should dispatch the equipment in its original packaging or packaging of equivalent quality to the LAMBDA service office. Shipping costs to the manufacturer are charged to the customer.
- LAMBDA will not compensate for damage or loss of items during transport.
- Failure to meet these conditions will render the customer ineligible for compensation.

Serial number: _____

Guarantee from: _____

The warranty becomes invalid in the event of improper installation, operation, cleaning, maintenance, or storage (for example, outside the intended environmental and/or electrical specifications), in case of damage caused by contaminations or leaks due to torn or burst tubing or unauthorized modification carried out by the user or a third party.

4 POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION

4.1 POWER SUPPLY FOR REMOTE-CONTROLLED PUMP

Do not use any power supply for the *LAMBDA peristaltic pump* if the pump is connected to a bioreactor/fermenter LAMBDA MINIFOR or LAMBDA Minifor2Bio touch!

1. Plug the connector of the remote-control cable from the LAMBDA MINIFOR / LAMBDA Minifor2Bio touch into the corresponding socket (REMOTE) at the rear of the peristaltic pump.
2. The display will illuminate.

4.2 POWER SUPPLY FOR STAND-ALONE PUMP

1. Plug the power supply connector into the corresponding socket (12 V DC) at the rear of the peristaltic pump.
2. Plug the power supply into the AC mains (90–240 V AC 50/60 Hz).
The display will illuminate, showing the last used settings.

5 TUBING FOR LAMBDA PERISTALTIC PUMPS

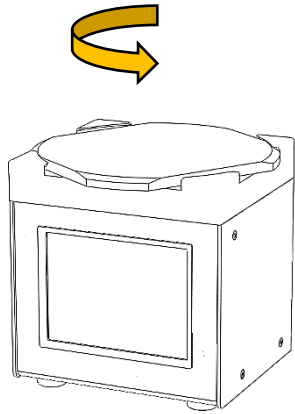
For **LAMBDA PRECIFLOW touch**, **HiFLOW touch**, and **MAXIFLOW touch** peristaltic pumps, use **silicone tubing** with an internal diameter ranging from 0.5 mm to 4 mm and a tubing wall thickness of 1 mm. Pump tubing made of alternative materials with elasticity similar to silicone tubing (shore hardness A 50 - 60) can also be used.

For **LAMBDA MEGAFLOW touch** peristaltic pumps, utilize **silicone tubing** with an internal diameter ranging from 2 to 8 mm and a tubing wall thickness of 2 mm.

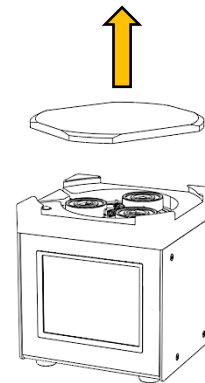
5.1 LOADING PROCEDURE FOR TUBING

Steps:

1. Remove the cover glass from the pump head:



Gently press on the cover glass and rotate it counter-clockwise.

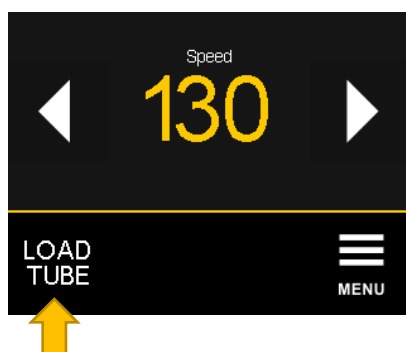


Remove the cover glass in the upward direction.

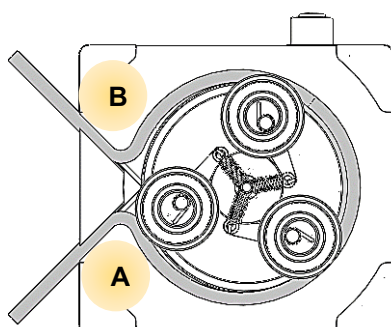
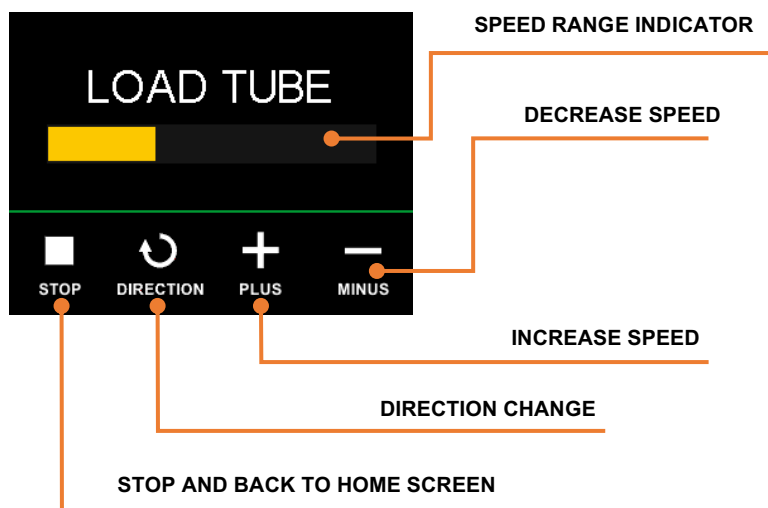


After removing the Pump Head Cover, the pump cannot be started. Only the tubing loading process can be activated.

2. Run the load tube process by clicking on “**LOAD TUBE**”. The pump rotor begins to rotate slowly.



3. Test the selected speed before insertion of tubing into LAMBDA PRECIFLOW *touch*, HiFLOW *touch* or MAXIFLOW *touch*. For LAMBDA MEGAFLOW *touch*, employ the lowest speed when inserting the tubing.



Choose slot A or B, depending on the direction of rotation.

Gradually insert the tubing into the pump head.

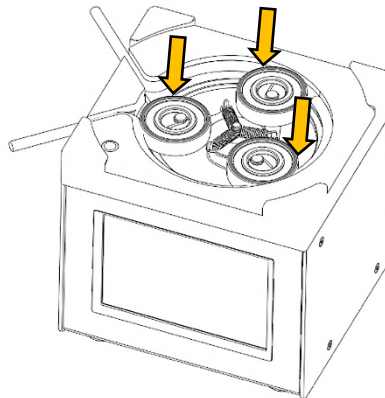
Press the tubing to the bottom of the slot when inserting and fixing the pump tubing onto the

pump head. The accurate positioning of the tubing is crucial, particularly with thin pump tubing.

Video for tubing insertion: <https://youtu.be/tiExAMGiXc?t=24>)

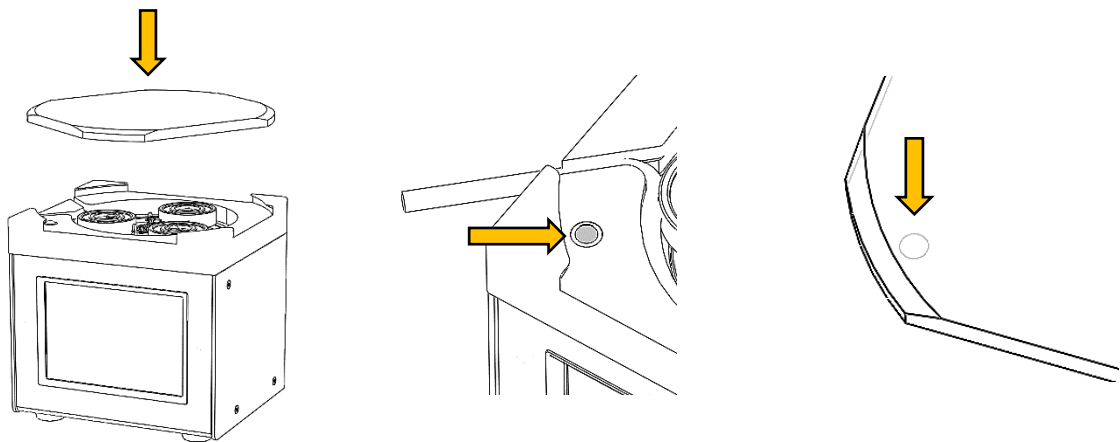


4. Apply a small amount of silicone grease to the upper surface of all three plastic bearings that come into contact with the cover glass.



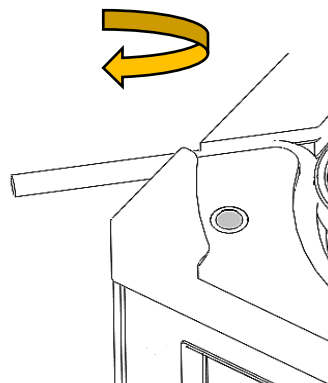
5. Place the Head Cover back onto the pump head.

The correct position of the Head Cover on the head is marked by a groove into which the metal plunger on the pump head fits.



6. Gently press and turn the Head Cover back.

The metal plunger will snap into the groove on the Head Cover.

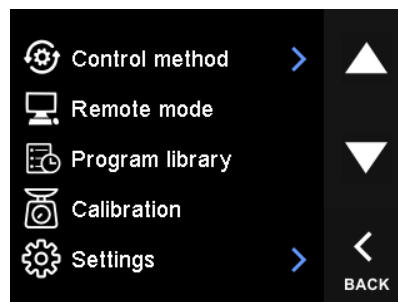


6 MENU (USER CONTROL LOGIC)

The menu is **only available in the STOP state** when **pumping is not in progress**:

On the main screen in stop mode,

- › Press the icon "MENU".
- › For horizontal navigation between menu items use the "UP" and "DOWN" icons on the right side of the screen.
- › Confirm the selection by clicking on the item.



6.1 CONTROL METHOD

The pump is equipped with two pumping control modes:

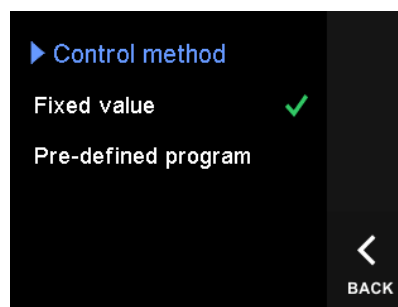
FIXED VALUE

The Fixed Value method is used to **dispense a fixed flow rate**, see chapter "[7 Direct mode \(fixed value\)](#)".

PRE-DEFINED PROGRAM

The Program mode allows pumping control **at various speeds and durations**. See chapter

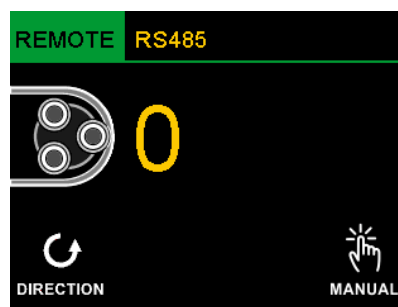
"[9 Program mode \(pre-defined program\)](#)".



6.2 REMOTE MODE

Used to activate REMOTE mode when the pump is controlled via a selected communication interface.

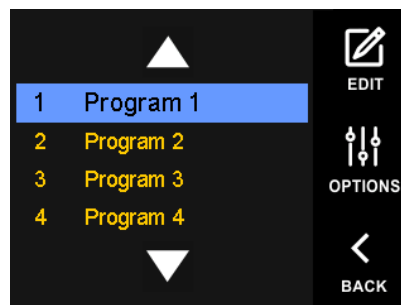
For external control, the device must always be set to this mode.



6.3 PROGRAM LIBRARY

The built-in program library allows the creation of 10 programs, where each program can contain up to 100 records.

Use the “UP” and “DOWN” icons to navigate horizontally and change the program. The highlighted program is considered selected for use.



See chapter

[“9 Program mode \(pre-defined program\)”](#).

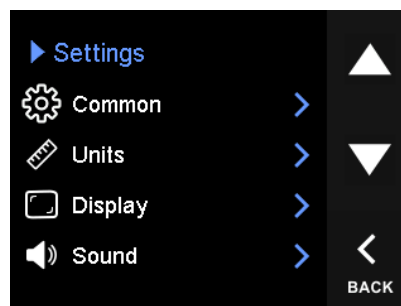
6.4 CALIBRATION

Enter the calibration environment. See chapter “8. Calibration and flow rate volume units”.

6.5 SETTINGS

Device settings file,

For horizontal navigation between menu items use the "UP" and "DOWN" icons on the right side of the screen.



6.5.1 COMMON

› Auto zero when start

If the option is activated, the pumping statistics are automatically reset when restart (RUN).

6.5.2 UNITS

Units for the pumping rate can be selected here. The following are available: digital speed, ml/h, ml/min, l/h.

In order to use the instrument in volume units (ml/h, ml/min, l/h), it is necessary to make and set a calibration constant for the tubing used.

6.5.3 DISPLAY

› Backlight intensity

Display backlight intensity setting / range from **1** to **5**

› Touch sensitivity

Adjust the sensitivity of the touch panel display / range from **1** to **5**

6.5.4 SOUND

› Sound volume

Central adjustment of the acoustic alarm volume / range from **0** to **4**

(Level 0 disable acoustic alarm volume)

› Tap sound

Switching the acoustic response on/off when processing a touch on the display

› Alarm sound

Switching on/off the permanent acoustic signaling when an alarm is announced. If enabled, the alarm condition is accompanied by an acoustic signal until canceled.

6.5.5 PROGRAMS

› **Auto-reset when start**

If the option is active, each new batch run in program mode automatically starts the program from the beginning.

If not active, the display shows the option “Continue or Restart”.

› **Program end alarm**

If the option is active, an “Program finished!” alarm will be issued to complete the program.

6.5.6 REMOTE 2 I/O

The item contains options for configuring REMOTE 2 connector functions and is only available on devices that are equipped with a REMOTE 2 connector.

6.5.6.1 RS-485 PARAMETERS

› **Address**

Communication address of the device, default **2**

› **Data/parity**

Setting the parity data size. Available modes:

8bit (parity none), 8bit (parity even), 8bit (parity odd)

› **Baud rate**

The available baud rates are:

2400 (default), 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

› **Stopbits**

The modes available are: 0 bit, 1 bit, 2 bits.

6.5.6.2 INPUT REMOTE

Setting the input remote signal function. This hardware signal is available on the REMOTE 2 connector (for wiring see chapter [“15 REMOTE 2 connector functionality”](#)).

› **Disabled**

The function is disabled

› **Stop**

Activation of the signal will stop the pumping

› **Start**

Activation of the signal will start the pumping.

› **Start/stop program**

Activation of the signal starts/stops the program pumping.

6.5.6.3 MASTER CONTROL INPUT

Option to set the main signal to control the pumping rate in REMOTE mode.

This setting only applies to REMOTE 2 connector functionality.

› **0-10V input**

The pumping rate will be controlled by a 0-10V signal

› **RS-485 commands**

The device will be controlled by RS protocol commands (see chapter “15.3 RS Communication protocol”)

› **4-20 mA input**

The dosing rate will be controlled by a 4-20 mA signal. This function requires an external resistor 511R 1% 0.6W (contact the supplier for a dedicated cable).

6.5.7 FLUIDS NAME ENABLE

Enable/disable the display of the liquid name on the main screen and access to management.

Solution names allow information about the substance in the tubing to be displayed on the screen. These names can then be selected manually by clicking on them in the main menu.

(For details on the fluids name library, see [10Chapter 10: Fluids name libraryName Library.](#)")

6.5.8 DEVICE INFORMATION

View information about the device. Information is available:

Serial number, Software version, Hardware version, and Device type.

6.5.9 RESTORE DEFAULT

This option is used to reset the menu items to their default state.

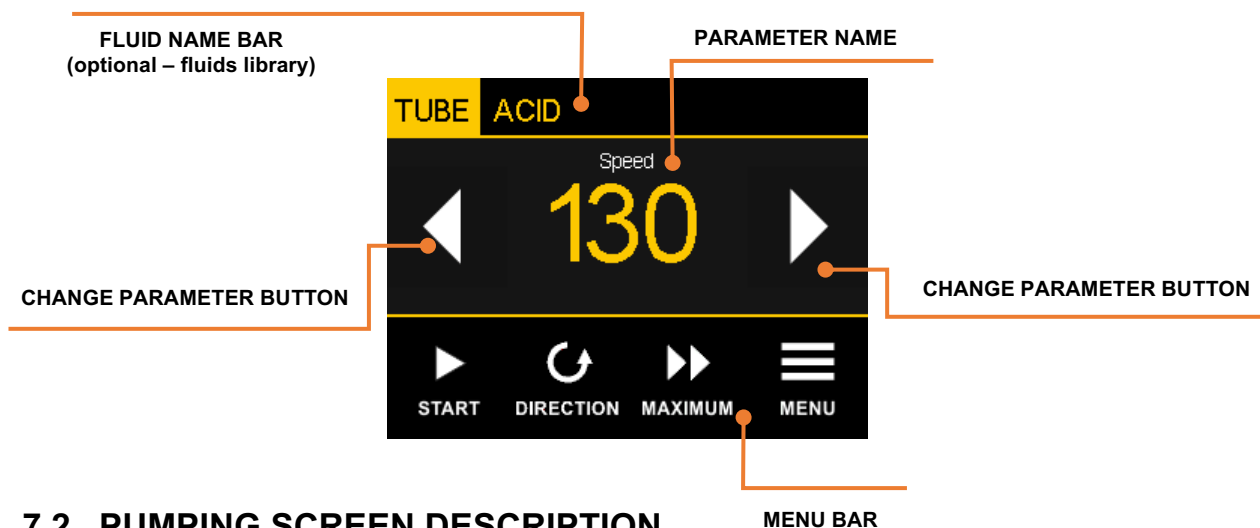
7 DIRECT MODE (FIXED VALUE)

Direct mode is a mode in which the speed is controlled by a fixed value.

7.1 HOME SCREEN DESCRIPTION

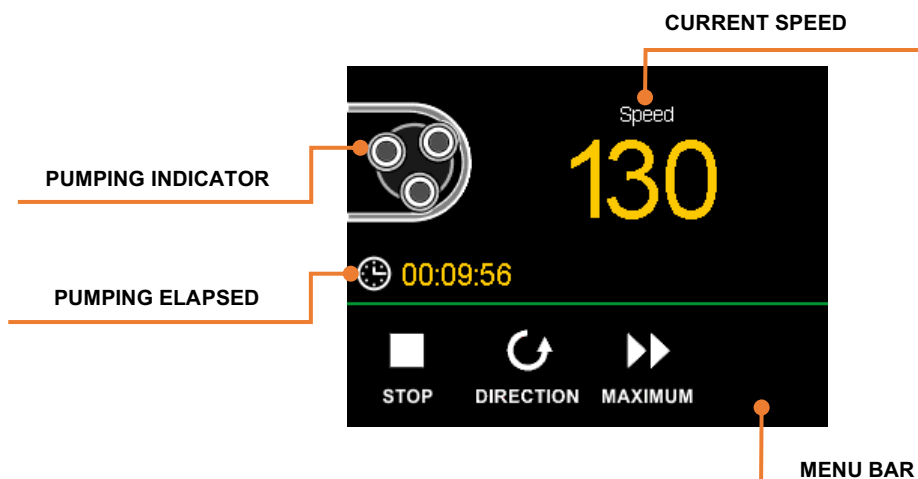
The home screen is always displayed when the pump is idle. The parameter setting is done by clicking on the value. Changing the parameter type is done by clicking the right or left arrow icon.

Home screen in DIRECT mode (See also chapter “6.1 Control method”).



7.2 PUMPING SCREEN DESCRIPTION

During pumping, the pumping screen is displayed with information about the flow rate and elapsed pumping time.



If volume units are selected in the settings, calibration is performed (calibration constant is set), the pumping rate is automatically displayed as **flow rate** instead of **speed**. In addition, information (counter) about the dispensed volume is automatically available.

CURRENT FLOW RATE

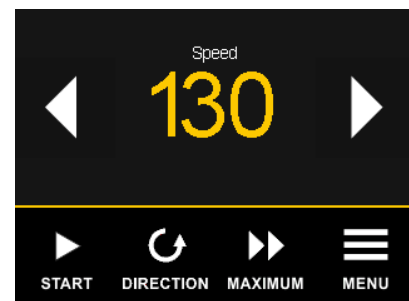


7.3 START PUMPING

On the main screen,

- pumping is started by clicking on the **"START"** icon.

After clicking, pumping starts at the set rate and the pumping screen appears on the display.

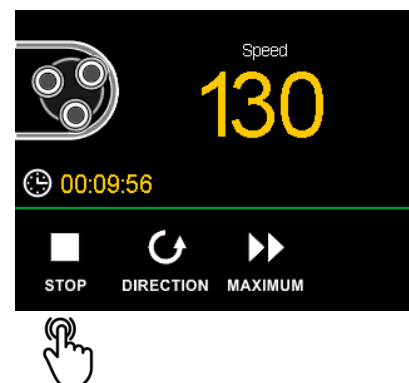


7.4 STOP PUMPING

On the pumping screen,

- pumping is stopped by clicking on the **"STOP"** icon.

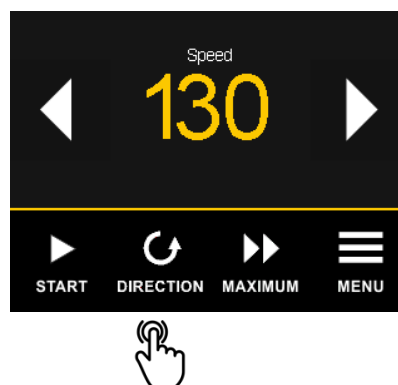
After clicking, the pumping is finished, and the main screen will appear on the screen.



7.5 CHANGE OF PUMPING DIRECTION

The arrow icon shows the currently selected direction of rotation of the pump head rotor.

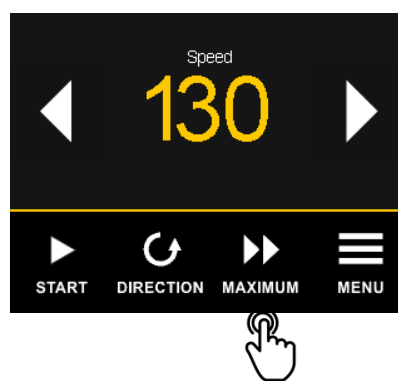
- Changing the flow direction is done by clicking the "**DIRECTION**" icon.



7.6 MAXIMUM

- Pumping at maximum speed starts by clicking and then holding the "**MAXIMUM**" icon.

After release, the previous speed is applied. (If the pump was previously stopped, then the pumping is interrupted.)



7.7 SET DIGITAL SPEED



Available when digital speed units are selected.

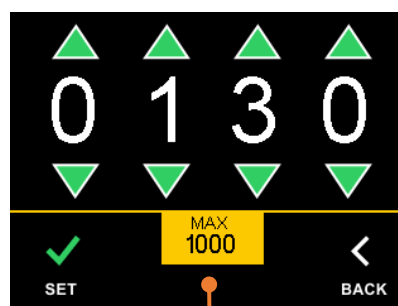
The digital speed can be changed during pumping with DIRECT flow control.

To set the digital speed click on the **speed parameter** on the **main screen**.



The individual flow rate digits will be displayed on the screen.

- Use the up or down arrows to set the desired value.
- Confirm the new value by clicking the "**SET**" button, or go back and ignore the change by clicking the "**BACK**" button.



MAXIMAL FLOW RATE INDICATOR

7.8 SET FLOW RATE



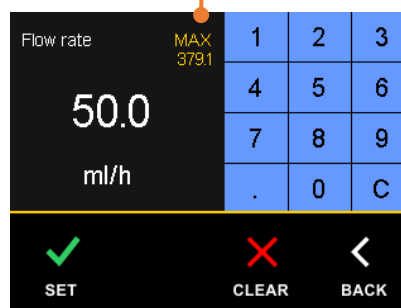
Available when volume units (ml/h, ml/min, or l/h) are selected.

The flow rate can be changed during pumping with DIRECT flow control. To set the flow rate click on the **flow rate parameter** on the **main screen**.

MAXIMAL FLOW RATE INDICATOR

The individual flow rate digits will be displayed on the screen.

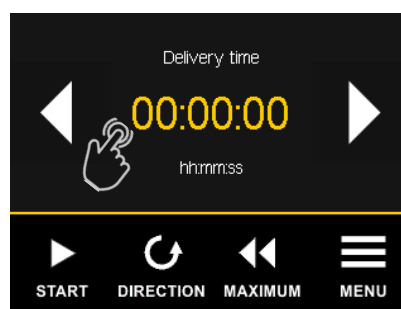
- Use the keyboard to set the value
- To delete the whole value click on “**CLEAR**”
- Confirm the new value by clicking the “**SET**” button, or go back and ignore the change by clicking the “**BACK**” button.



7.9 ELAPSED PUMPING TIME (DELIVERY TIME)

The duration of elapsed pumping time is available as “**Delivery time**” on the main screen by clicking the right or left arrow icon.

- A value is **reset** by clicking on the value.
- A confirmation of the reset value will appear on the screen.

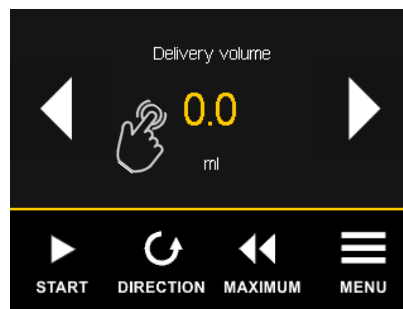


7.10 DISPENSED VOLUME (DELIVERY VOLUME)

Dispensing volume (Delivery volume) is available only when volume units are set and [calibration](#) is performed!

The amount of dispensed volume is available as “**Delivery volume**” on the main screen by clicking on the right or left arrow icon.

- **Reset** is done by clicking on the value.
- A confirmation of the reset value will appear on the screen.

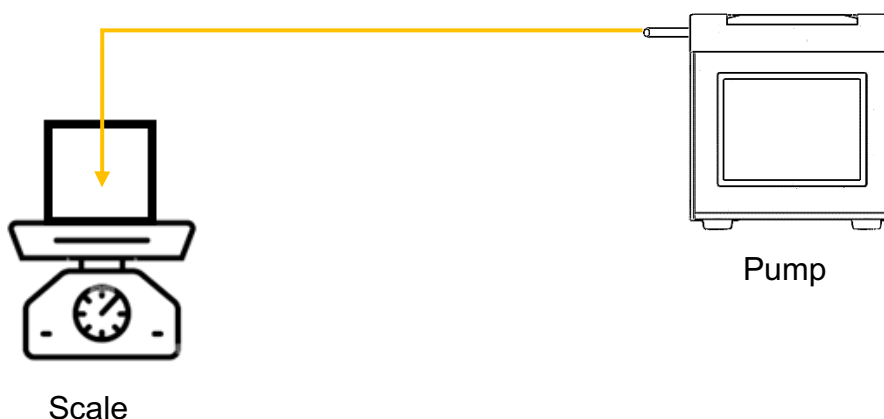


8 CALIBRATION AND FLOW RATE VOLUME UNITS

A Calibration is necessary to convert and directly set the flow rate. During calibration, the amount of liquid the pump dispenses during a set time is measured. It is best to use a **laboratory scale** to measure the amount of liquid. The balance/scale must be adjusted according to the desired accuracy range. The calibration process uses a medium pumping rate and **takes one minute**.

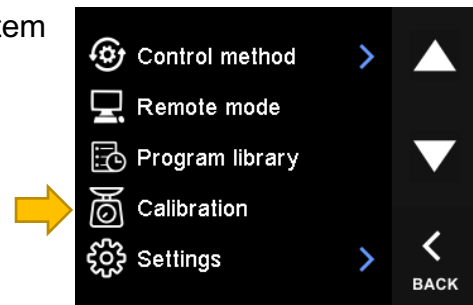
Before calibrating the pump flow rate, ensure the liquid **completely fills the pump tubing** and reaches its free end.

See chapter “6.5.2 Units” for setting volume units for flow rates.



8.1 PERFORMING CALIBRATION

Go to calibration by clicking the "**CALIBRATION**" item in main menu.

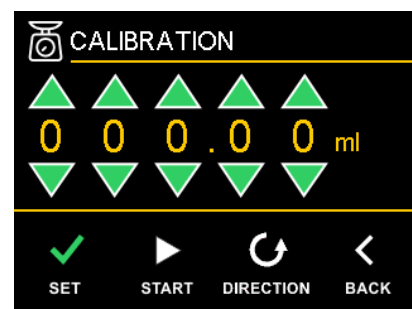


Prepare to measure the amount of liquid dispensed. (See the illustration above as an example of measurement with scale.)

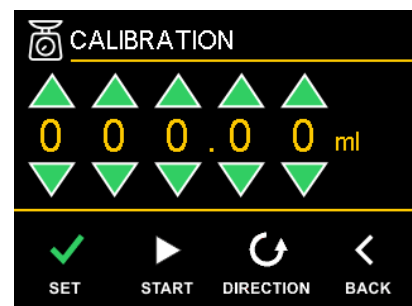
Steps:

1. Check the rotation direction of the pump head rotor so that the pumping occurs in the direction of the laboratory balance or other measuring device.

You can change the flow direction by clicking the "**DIRECTION**" icon.



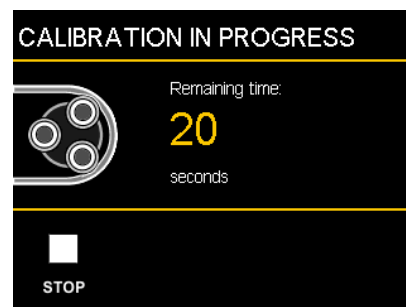
2. After preparation of the measuring device, start the calibration (pumping) by clicking on the "**START**" icon.



3. CALIBRATION IN PROCESS

Wait for calibration (pumping) to complete.

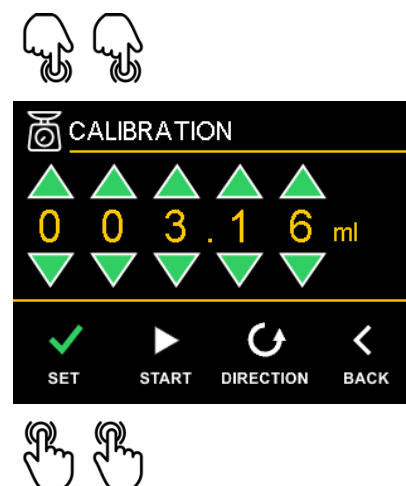
After the calibration time has elapsed, the pump will automatically stop and return to the calibration screen.



4. CALIBRATION

Enter the **dispensed volume**:

Click the up and down arrow icons to enter the dispensed volume value in milliliters (measured)



9 PROGRAM MODE (PRE-DEFINED PROGRAM)

To use program mode, the **control method** must be activated in the menu under "**Pre-Defined Program**".

Program structure:

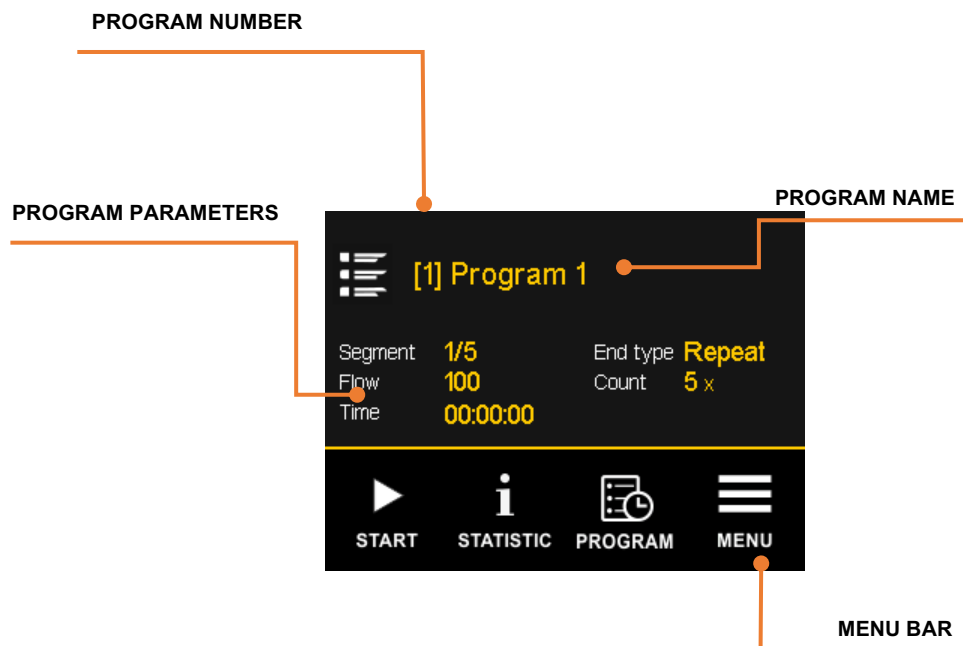
<i>Name</i>	Name of program
<i>Segments</i>	Segment (defined by flow rate/speed, time length, type of transition, and pumping direction)
<i>Action on End</i>	Selection of program end by stop (invoke alarm), continue with last speed/flow rate, or repeat from start.
<i>Count</i>	Number of program repetitions
<i>Units</i>	Units for defining the flow rate
<i>Calibration</i>	Calibration constant for volume units



Completion of the program is indicated by the "Program finished!" alarm. Valid for action on end "stop" or "repeat" with defined repetition.

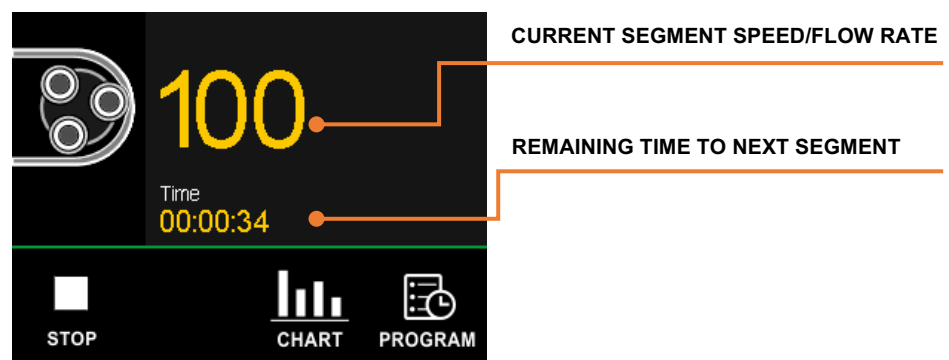
9.1 HOME SCREEN DESCRIPTION

Home screen in DIRECT mode (See also chapter “[6.1 Control method](#)”).



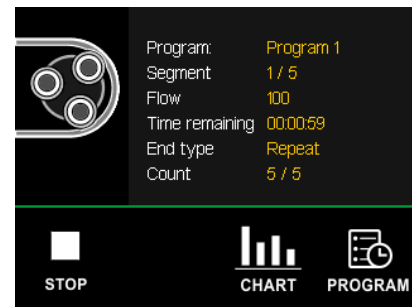
9.2 PUMPING SCREEN DESCRIPTION

After starting the pumping, the pumping screen will appear on the display.



9.2.1 PROGRAM OVERVIEW

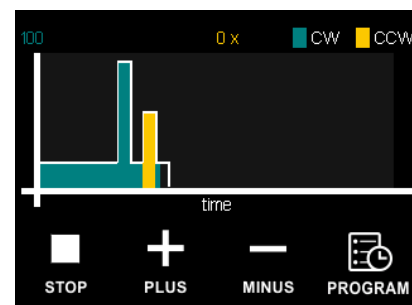
During the program processing, it is possible to display the program's current parameters. The display can be called up by clicking the "**PROGRAM**" icon on the pumping screen in program mode.



9.2.2 CHART VIEW

It is possible to display the progress of program processing in a graph.

The program processing is represented by a gradually filling area of the graph. The different fill color symbolizes the pumping direction (**DIRECTION**).



By clicking the **+** or **-** icon, it is possible to change the timescale.

9.3 SELECT PROGRAM

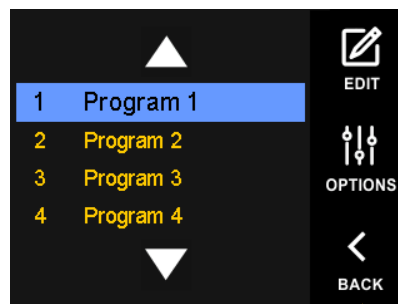
Changing or selecting the program is only possible when the pump is stopped, idle.

Steps:

1. Go to the program library by clicking on the **Program** icon on the main screen or by clicking on **Program library** in the menu.

On the **PROGRAMS** screen, the currently selected program is the highlighted row of the table.

1. Click the up and down arrow icons to **change the program**.
2. Click the **"BACK"** icon to **return to the main screen**.



Changing the program is done automatically by selection. The newly selected program is automatically applied by closing the program library by clicking on **"BACK"**.

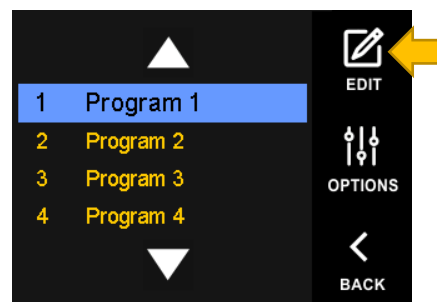
9.4 EDIT PROGRAM

Steps:

2. Go to the program library by clicking on the **Program** icon on the main screen or by clicking on **the Program library** in the menu.

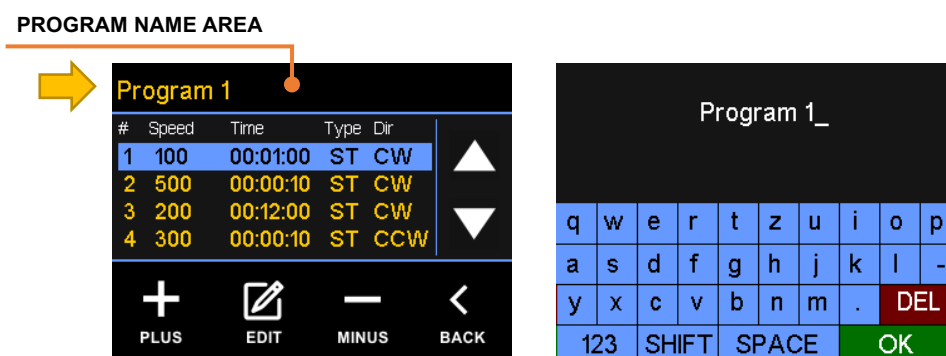
On the **Program library** screen, the currently selected program is the highlighted row of the table.

3. Click the up and down arrow icons to **select the requested program** to edit.
4. Click the **"EDIT"** icon to go to the program edit screen.



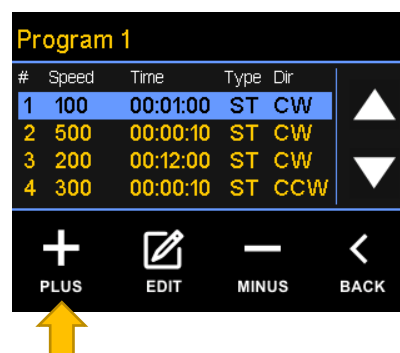
9.4.1 EDIT NAME

Click in the **program name area** to change it. The screen will show the current name with an alphanumeric keyboard. Confirm the change by clicking the "OK" button.



9.4.2 ADD NEW SEGMENT

1. Click on the "PLUS" icon to add a new program segment.



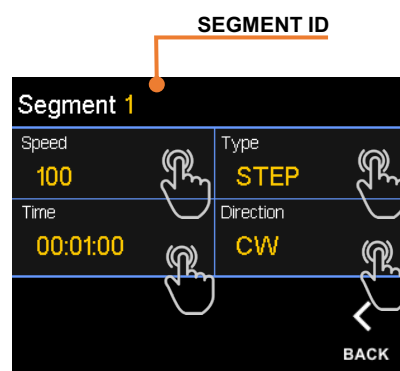
2. Enter the program segment parameters:
You can call up the settings of individual parameters by clicking on the parameter value.

SPEED/FLOW RATE: requested speed/flow rate

TIME: requested time length of set speed/flow rate

TYPE: transition type (STEP or RAMP)

DIRECTION: CW or CCW

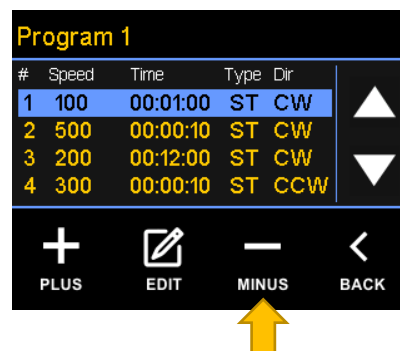


The speed/flow rate transition type has two setting options. **STEP** means that the value will be set immediately. **RAMP** means that the desired value is the target value and will be approximated for the set time length.

3. Click the "BACK" icon to return to the program edit screen.

9.4.3 REMOVE SEGMENT

1. Select the segment you want to remove
(highlighted table row) by clicking the up and down arrow icons.
2. Click the **"MINUS"** icon to remove a currently highlighted program segment.

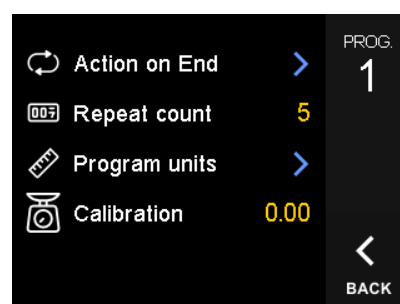
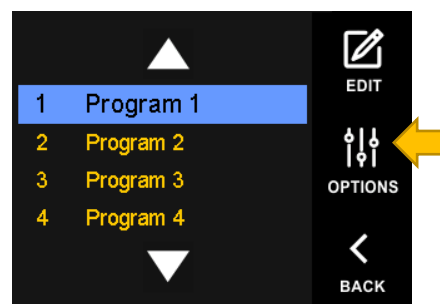


9.4.4 PROGRAM OPTIONS

Each program has its own global settings such as action on end, repeat count, program units and calibration constant.

The program includes setting options: [Action on End](#), [Repeat Count](#), and [Flow rate units](#).

Click on the **"OPTIONS"** icon to view the program settings.



9.4.4.1 ACTION ON END

Choose what action shall take place to process all program segments:

REPEAT PROGRAM:

The program will be processed again from the first segment. The number of repetitions can be set.

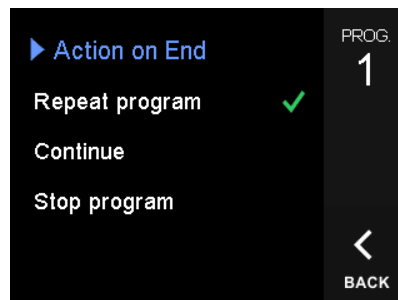
CONTINUE:

After completion of the last segment of the program, pumping will continue with the last set speed/flow rate value.

STOP PROGRAM:

Pumping will be terminated when the last segment of the program is completed and invoke alarm

“Program finished!”.

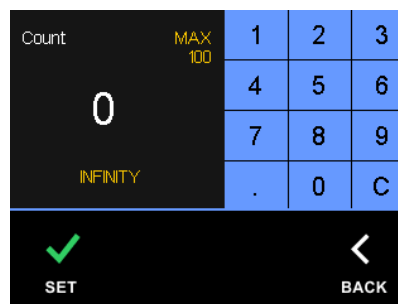


9.4.4.2 REPEAT COUNT

This parameter will only be used if the action on the end is set to repeat.

Choose the number of program repetitions.

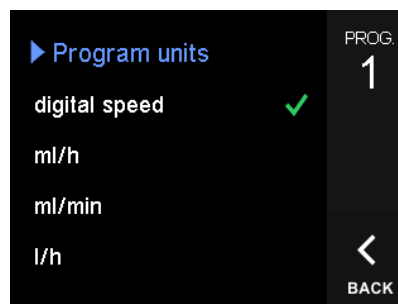
A value of 0 means infinite repetition!



9.4.4.3 UNITS

Setting the speed or flow rate units for the values listed in individual segments of the program.

If volume units are selected, it is also necessary to set the calibration constant (chapter 9.4.4.4 Calibration).



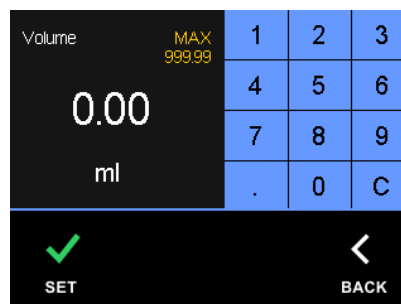
9.4.4.4 CALIBRATION

To use volumetric units, a conversion calibration constant must be set. The constant for the type of tubing used is obtained by calibration, see chapter 9.4.4.4 Calibration

Enter the calibration constant,

click **"SET"** to confirm the new value or

"BACK" to return to the last saved value.



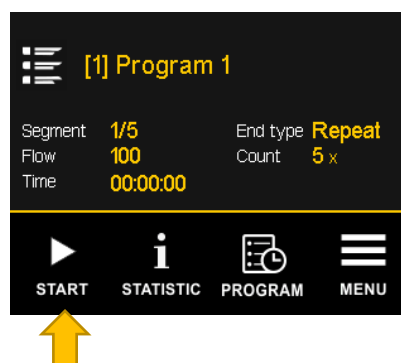
9.5 START, PAUSE/RESTART THE PUMPING PROGRAM

To use programs, it is necessary to activate **FLOW CONTROL** in the device menu to **PROGRAM** mode.

9.5.1 PROGRAM START

For starting the pumping by the pumping program, click on "START", on the pump display.

The pumping program is running.



9.5.2 PROGRAM PAUSE

For interruption/pause of the pumping program, click on “STOP”, on the pump display.

The pumping / pumping program is interrupted.

9.5.2.1 CONTINUE OR RESTART OF THE PUMPING PROGRAM AFTER A PAUSE

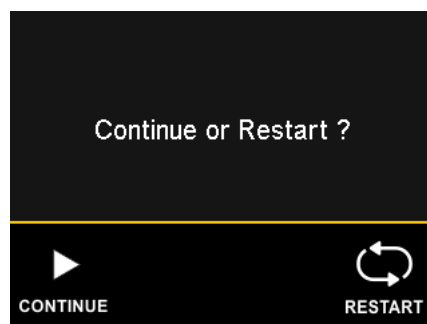
To finish the pause, click on “START”, on the pump display.

The pump display shows "Continue or Restart ?"

- Click "**CONTINUE**" to resume the program from where it stopped = continue the program.

OR

- Click "**RESTART**" to run the program from the beginning (First step 1 of program, $t = 0$) = restart the program.



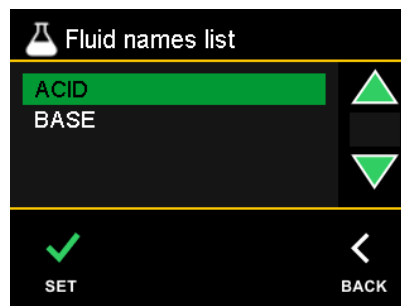
The automatic restart of the program can be set in the main menu, settings item. See options in chapter “6.5.5 Programs”.

If the automatic restart is not active, the user is prompted for a decision with each new start of pumping.

10 FLUIDS NAME LIBRARY

The pump has an integrated library of fluid names that the user can display. It is used to quickly find out what preparation the pump is dispensing.

The library items can be edited from a PC via the *LAMBDA Device Manager* software application.



The number of items is limited to 32.

11 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

Regular inspection, cleaning and correct handling of the pump and pump tubing help to ensure reliable operation and reduce the risk of tubing failure, leakage, contamination and unnecessary mechanical wear.

The required inspection and maintenance frequency depends on the operating conditions, including the pump model, tubing material and dimensions, pump speed, operating time, pumped liquid, temperature of the pumped liquid, pressure conditions and environmental conditions.

11.1 AFTER USE

After completing the pumping operation:

- Stop the pump.
- **Remove the tubing from the pump head when the pump is no longer in use**, particularly when it will remain unused or unattended.
- **Do not leave tubing containing liquid unnecessarily compressed inside the pump head.**
- If required by the application, empty, flush or replace the tubing before storage.

Removing the tubing from the pump head after use helps to avoid prolonged mechanical compression and deformation of the tubing. It also reduces the risk of

leakage, tubing failure, or contamination and damage to the pump in case liquid remains inside the tubing.

If the pump is not used for an extended period, disconnect the pump from the power supply.

11.2 INSPECTION AND CLEANING OF THE PUMP

Regularly inspect the pump head, rollers/bearings, tubing holder area and pump head cover and external surfaces for:

- liquid or product residues,
- contamination or deposits,
- foreign particles,
- visible mechanical damage.

Any spilled liquid or product residue should be **removed as soon as possible**.

If liquid is spilled in the pump head, **stop the pump and disconnect it from the power supply before cleaning**.

For routine cleaning, use a **soft, non-abrasive cloth slightly moistened with water or a mild suitable cleaning agent**.

Do not use abrasive cleaning materials, hard brushes, scouring pads or excessive mechanical force, as these may scratch or damage the surfaces of the instrument.

Do not use aggressive solvents such as acetone or similar strong solvents, as these may damage plastic parts, painted or coated surfaces, markings or the touchscreen display.

If alcohol-based or other cleaning agents are used, **first verify their compatibility with the materials and surfaces to be cleaned**. Apply the cleaning agent sparingly to a soft cloth and keep the exposure time as short as reasonably possible.

Do not apply or spray cleaning liquids directly onto the instrument or touchscreen display. Prevent liquids from entering the instrument housing, electrical connections or other openings.

Clean any spilled product from the pump head using methods and cleaning agents appropriate for the spilled substance and compatible with the materials of the pump. Do not allow residues or deposits to accumulate around the moving parts of the pump head.

If liquid has entered the instrument housing or electrical components, do not operate the pump and contact LAMBDA for further advice.

If significant contamination or mechanical damage is observed, do not continue operating the pump until it has been properly inspected and cleaned.

11.3 LUBRICATION OF THE PUMP ROLLERS/BEARINGS

Periodically check that a **thin layer of silicone grease** is present on the upper contact surfaces of the three plastic pump rollers/bearings that come into contact with the pump head cover.

If necessary, reapply a small amount of silicone grease as shown in **Chapter 5, point 4**.

Do not apply grease to the tubing holder slots or to surfaces where the pump tubing must be held securely.

Lubrication should be checked particularly after thorough cleaning of the pump head and whenever insufficient lubrication is visible.

11.4 PUMP TUBING INSPECTION AND REPLACEMENT

The section of tubing located inside the pump head is subjected to repeated mechanical compression during operation and will therefore gradually undergo mechanical wear.

Always ensure that the selected tubing material is suitable for the pumped liquid, operating conditions and intended application. Observe the tubing manufacturer's specifications regarding chemical compatibility and permissible operating conditions.

Regularly inspect the tubing section passing through the pump head for signs of wear or deterioration, such as:

- flattening or permanent deformation,
- cracking or surface damage,
- hardening or softening,
- swelling,
- discoloration,
- reduced elasticity,
- leakage or other visible deterioration.

Use only intact tubing suitable for the intended application.

Replace the tubing immediately if significant deterioration or damage is observed.

For longer-term or intensive operation, **periodically reposition the tubing so that a mechanically fresh, previously uncompressed section of tubing is located inside the pump head.**

Depending on the pump model and tubing arrangement, repositioning the tubing by approximately **30–50 cm** is usually sufficient to provide a fresh section of tubing.

The appropriate repositioning and replacement intervals depend on the tubing material, tubing dimensions, pump speed, operating time, pumped liquid, temperature of the pumped liquid, pressure conditions and other application-specific factors.

A universal tubing replacement interval cannot therefore be specified.

11.5 RECOMMENDED PERIODIC CHECKS

The frequency of inspection and preventive maintenance should be established according to the application and intensity of use.

During initial operation of a new or modified application, more frequent inspections are recommended in order to establish an appropriate preventive maintenance interval.

For frequently or continuously operated pumps, regularly check:

- the condition and correct positioning of the pump tubing,
- the cleanliness of the pump head, rollers/bearings and pump head cover,

- the presence of sufficient silicone grease on the roller/bearing contact surfaces,
- the absence of leakage, contamination or product residues,
- the correct installation of the pump head cover,
- normal pump operation without unusual noise, abnormal behaviour or alarms.

The pump tubing and pump head should also be inspected whenever the tubing is removed, repositioned or replaced.

More frequent inspection and preventive tubing replacement may be necessary under operating conditions that can accelerate tubing wear, including long operating periods, higher pump speeds, demanding pumped liquids, liquid temperatures that may affect the mechanical or chemical properties of the tubing, or other application-specific conditions.

The compatibility and operating temperature limits of the selected tubing must always be observed.

The pump does not require regular internal maintenance by the user. Do not open the instrument housing or attempt to service internal mechanical or electrical components. If internal servicing or repair is required, contact LAMBDA.

If abnormal operation, leakage, contamination, unusual noise, vibration or repeated alarms are observed, **stop the pump and inspect the pump head and tubing before continuing operation.**

For service or technical assistance, contact LAMBDA at support@lambda-instruments.com.

12 SOFTWARE UPDATE

12.1 SOFTWARE UPDATE FILE

First, download the pump software update file to your PC from the manufacturer's website. The file is compressed, tagged and has a fixed format (pump-1-X.YY.zip).

Steps:

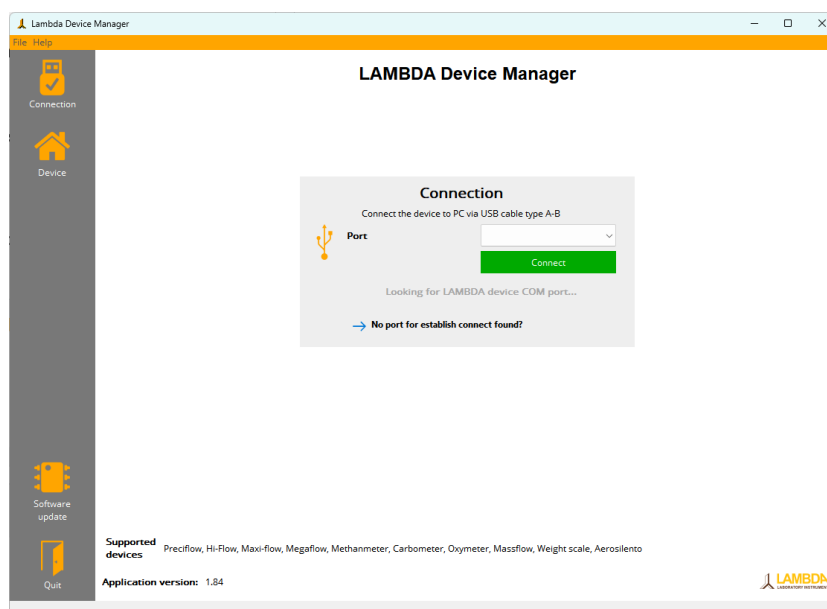
1. Download the archive “**pump-2-x.yy.zip**” file.
2. Decompress archive containing pump software file “**pump-2-x.yy.hex**”

12.2 PC SOFTWARE APPLICATION

The PC software application *LAMBDA Device Manager* (Idm) is available for pump software updates.

Steps:

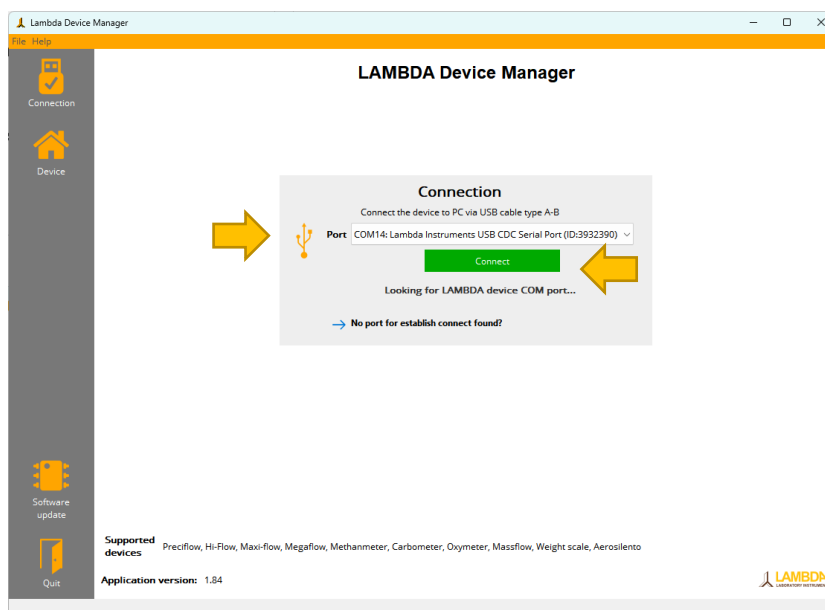
3. Download “**Idm-x.y-x64-setup.exe**” file (X, Y substitutes the version number)
4. Run the downloaded installation file.
5. Finish the installation of the application.



12.3 UPDATE PROCEDURE

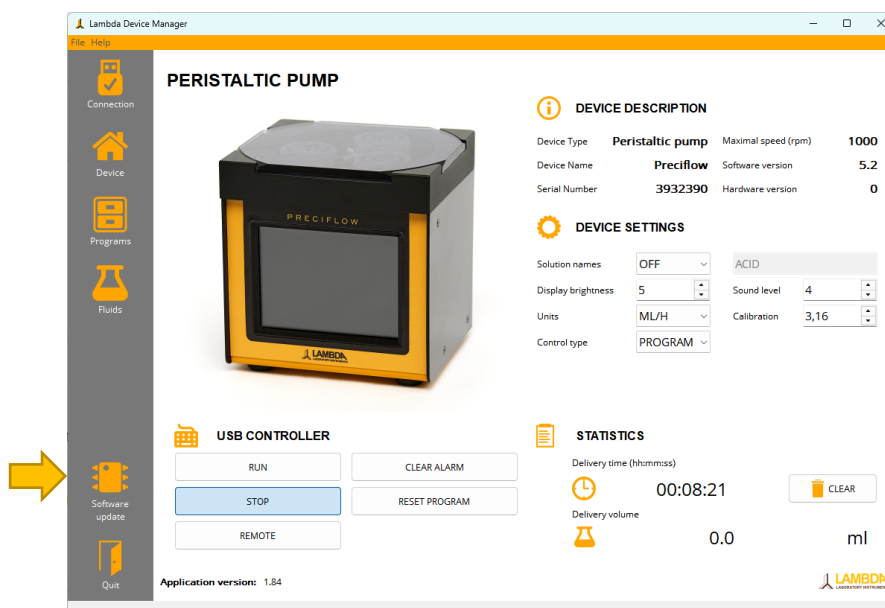
Follow these steps to update:

1. Connect the supplied 12V DC power adapter to the pump.
2. Connect the pump to the PC using the A-B USB cable.
3. Start the *LAMBDA Device Manager* application.
4. Wait and check that the computer has detected the pump.

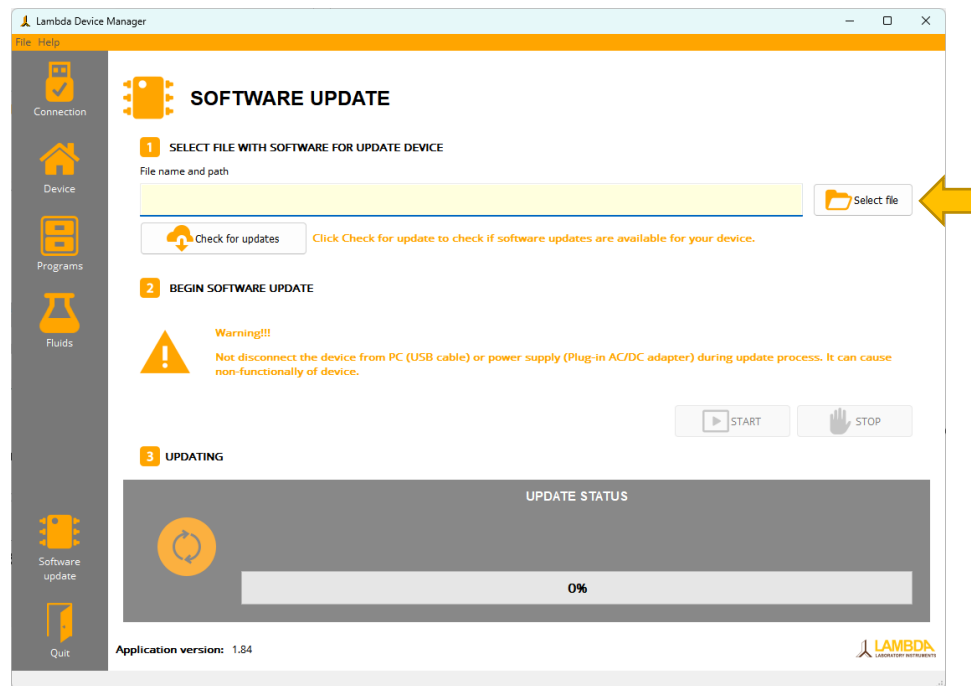


*Example: Detected **port** COM14, pump with identification number 3932333.*

5. Click on the “Connect” button.



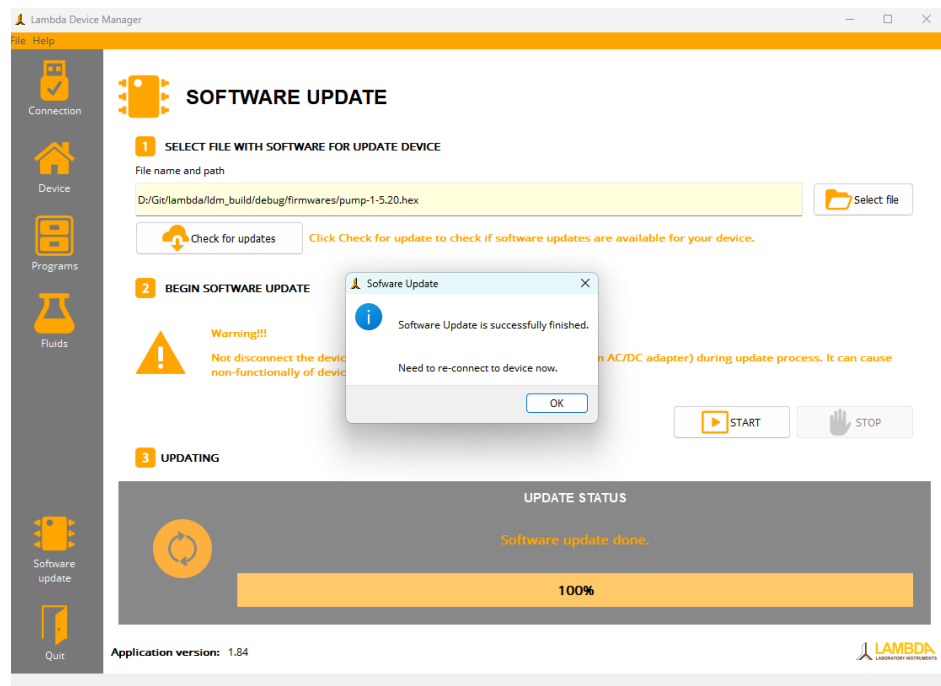
6. Select the “**Software Update**” function on the left bottom side of the panel.



7. Click the **“Select file”** button and browse the path to the decompressed peristaltic pump software file (**pump-2-X.YY.hex**).
8. Click on the **“Start”** button to initiate the update process.



Do not disconnect the power or USB communication cable during the update process!!!



Software update done

9. The progress of the process is displayed in the lower part of the window labeled **"UPDATE STATUS"**. Wait for the process to complete. When finished, a new text window will appear: **"Software update is successfully finished."**
10. Click on the **"OK"** button.

13 USB COMMUNICATION

The peristaltic pump can be set and controlled using a USB interface via a virtual COM port. The communication is text-based and uses the JSON data transfer format. After connecting to a PC, a virtual COM port (COMx) is created automatically. Most operating systems will not require the installation of additional drivers, as the peristaltic pump is identified as a CDC-class device using the USB Descriptor.

Supported data types: number, string, object

13.1 SYNTAX

`{"Cmd":{"GetDeviceInfo":1}}` Each sending is initiated by send character LF (line feed)

Root object is "Cmd".

The internal JSON parser does not respect white spaces in strings. All JSON commands must be cleaned of white space.

Example send command GetDeviceInfo:

```
{"DeviceInfo":{"Name":"Preciflow","DeviceId":3,"SW":"4.19","SerialNumber":3932390,
"Type":"Peristalticpump",
"MaxSpeed":1000,"CalibrationSpeed":500,"SW":4.19,"HW":"120"}}
```

The command returns parameters with values of string/number type (above).

13.2 BASIC COMMANDS

Example: `{"Cmd":{"GetDeviceInfo":1}}\n`

KEY	VALUE	RESPONSE	NOTES
ProcPeriod	Integer	<code>{"ACK":1}</code>	Set the period of sending asynchronously process data (the value of the period is a multiple of 100)

KEY	VALUE	RESPONSE	NOTES
			ms). Value 0 stop send process data.
SetDefaults	1	{"ACK":1}	Reset configuration to factory defaults.
SetOpMode	0 or 1	{"ACK":1}	Set operating mode (RUN=1, STOP=0)
GetVer	1	Return object Version	
GetProcData	1	Return object ProcData	
GetDeviceInfo	1	Return object DeviceInfo	Information about device
GetConfigData	1	Return object ConfigData	Device setup
ClearError	1	{"ACK":1}	Clear error

13.3 COMMANDS WITH OBJECTS

Example: {"Cmd":{"SetConfigData":{"Speed":100}}}

SUB-OBJECT	KEYS	RESPONSE	DESCRIPTION
SetConfigData	Flow	{"ACK":1} {"ACK":2}	Flow rate (double) if the non-rpm unit is set.
	Speed		Speed in rpm (integer)
	Direction		Rotation (CW 1 or CCW-1)
	FluidName		String max. 32 characters
	Display		Set display brightness (value 0-5)
	Sound		Set sound level (value 0-4)
	Fluids		Enable/disable fluids name bar (0/1)
	Units		0=rpm, 1=ml/h, 2=ml/min, 3=l/h
	Calibration		Calibration constant (0-999.99)
	FlowControl		0=Direct, 1=Program
	FluidName		Current fluid name text max. 32 characters

Receipt of the command is acknowledged by an ACK response with a value of 1. A parameter value that is not valid (e.g., out of range) is an ACK response value of 2.

13.4 RESPONSE OBJECT DESCRIPTION

Example:

```
{"ProcData":{"Flow":1000,"OpMode":0,"DelivTime":61128,"DelivVolume":0.6,"Direction":1,"FluidName":"ACID","FlowUnit":0,"Calibration":200.000}}
```

OBJECT	KEYS	VALUES	VALUE DESCRIPTION
Version	HW	String	Hardware version
	SW	Number	Software version (major.minor)
	SN	Number	Serial number
ProcData	Flow	Number	Flow rate if the non-rpm unit is set
	Speed	Number	Speed
	DelivTime	Number	Delivery time in seconds
	DelivVolume	Number	Delivered volume in ml if calibration is set and units are non-rpm
	Direction	Number	CC = 1, CCW = -1
	FluidName	String	Current fluid name set
	FlowUnit	Int	0=RPM, 1=ml/h, 2=ml/min
	Calibration	Number	Flow rate calibration constant
DeviceInfo	Name	String	Device type (Preciflow)
	Deviceld	Number	ID of device
	SW	Number	Software version
	SerialNumber	Number	Device serial number
	Type	String	Device type (Peristaltic pump, ...)
	MaxSpeed	Number	Maximal rpm speed
	CalibrationSpeed	Number	Speed (rpm) used during calibration function
	HW	String	Hardware version
ConfigData	Fluids	Int	Enable/Disable solution names bar on screen
	Display	Int	Display brightness (1-5)
	Sound	Int	Sound level (0-4)
	Units	Int	Current set units type (0=rpm, 1=ml/h, 2=ml/min, 3=l/hr)
	UnitsText	String	Current units text string (only read)

OBJECT	KEYS	VALUES	VALUE DESCRIPTION
	Calibration	Float	Current calibration constant float respect two decimal points – max. 999.99
	FlowControl	Int	0=Direct/1=Program
	FluidName	String	Current fluid name text (max.32 characters)
	Motor	Int	0=smooth, 1=normal (only for PRECIFLOW <i>touch</i> , otherwise return -1)

14 CAN BUS COMMUNICATION (REMOTE 1)

The peristaltic pump implements the CAN Specification 2.0B (Controller Area Network) interface. This asynchronous serial data communication protocol provides reliable communication in an electrically noisy environment.

For internal purposes, the auxiliary bits in the extended identifier are used for the 1x master/n-slave communication model. See below for an explanation.

The pump uses an extended data frame format with a 29-bit identifier. The nominal bit rate is fixed at 1 Mbit/s (cable length is limited to 20m).

14.1 DESCRIPTION OF COMMUNICATION

The CAN bus protocol uses asynchronous communication. Information is passed from the transmitters to receivers in data frames, composed of byte fields that define the contents of the data frame, as illustrated below.

Each frame begins with a Start of Frame (SOF) bit field and ends with an End of Frame (EOF) bit field. The SOF is followed by the Arbitration and Control fields, which specify the message's type, format, length, and priority. This information allows each node on the CAN bus to respond appropriately to the message. The Data field expresses the content of the message and has a variable length of 0 to 8 bytes. Error protection is provided by a Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) field and an acknowledgement (ACK) field.

CAN Bus Message Frame

SOF	ARBITRATION	CONTROL	DATA	CRC	ACK	EOF
-----	-------------	---------	------	-----	-----	-----

14.1.1 EXTENDED DATA FRAME

The extended data frame begins with an SOF bit followed by a 31-bit arbitration field, as shown below. The arbitration field for the extended data frame contains 29 identifier bits in two fields, separated by a Substitute Remote Request (SRR) bit and an IDE bit. The SRR bit determines whether the message is a remote frame. SRR is 1 for extended data frames. The IDE bit indicates the data frame type. IDE is 1 for the extended data frame. The extended data frame Control field consists of seven bits.

The first bit is the RTR. For the extended data frame, RTR is 0. The next two bits, RB1 and RB0, are reserved bits in the dominant state (logic level '0'). The last four bits in the control field are the DLC, which indicates the number of data bytes in the message. The control field is followed by the data field. This field contains the message data – the actual payload of the data frame. This field is of variable length, ranging from 0-8 bytes. The number of bytes is user-selectable. The data field is followed by the CRC field, which is a 15-bit CRC sequence with a delimiter bit. The Acknowledgement (ACK) field is sent as a recessive bit (logic level '1') and is overwritten as a dominant bit by any receiver that has correctly received the data. The message is acknowledged by the receiver regardless of the result of the acceptance filter comparison. The last field is the EOF field, which consists of seven recessive bits that indicate the end of the message.

Format of the Extended Data Frame (29-bits identifier)

S O F	IDENTIFIER 11-bit	S R R	I D E	IDENTIFIER 18-bit	R T R	R1 1	R0 0	DLC 4 bits	DATA 8 bytes	CRC 16 bits	ACK 2 bits	EOF 7 bits	IFS 3 bits
-------------	--------------------------	-------------	-------------	--------------------------	-------------	-------------	-------------	-------------------	---------------------	--------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------

An extended identifier is used to identify the peristaltic pump on the network. 29 bits are used to distinguish master/slave messages (frames) and to transmit a serial number that uniquely identifies the pump on the network (more in chapter 14.1.2).

After the pump is connected to the CAN network, the pump transmits the CAN_STATUS command (*chapter 14.3*) until the message is acknowledged by any receiver, regardless of the result of the acceptance filter comparison.

Once the CAN_STATUS message is acknowledged, the peristaltic pump automatically triggers the asynchronous transmission of the following commands outside CAN_STATUS:

- CAN_DEV_NAME
- CAN_FLOW
- CAN_FLUID_NAME
- CAN_PURPOSE
- CAN_ROTATION

It sends these commands periodically, approximately every 50 milliseconds.

(For more information about commands, see Chapter 14.3)

14.1.2 EID BITWISE SIGNIFICANCE

The extended data frame is composed as follows. Serial number 3932390₁₀ is used for the following examples.

EID assembled for broadcasting (the pump sends, master receives)

EID (29 bits)			
Slave identifier		None (no significance)	Pump Serial Number
Bit 28 1	Bit 27 1	Bit 26	Bit 25 – Bit 0
0x1800 0000			0x3FF FFFF e.g. (0x183C00E6 [bitwise AND] 0x3FF FFFF -> 0x3C00E6 = 3932390 ₁₀)
0x1800 000 (bitwise OR) 0x3C00E6 ↓ 0x183C00E6			

EID assembled for receiving (master transmits)

EID (29 bits)			
Slave identifier		None (no significance)	Pump Serial Number
Bit 28 0	Bit 27 1	Bit 26	Bit 25 – Bit 0
0x0800 0000			3932390 ₁₀ = 0x3C00E6
0x0800 0000 (bitwise OR) 0x3C00E6 ↓ 0x083C00E6			

EID decomposed into SID and EID for arbitration fields (master sends)

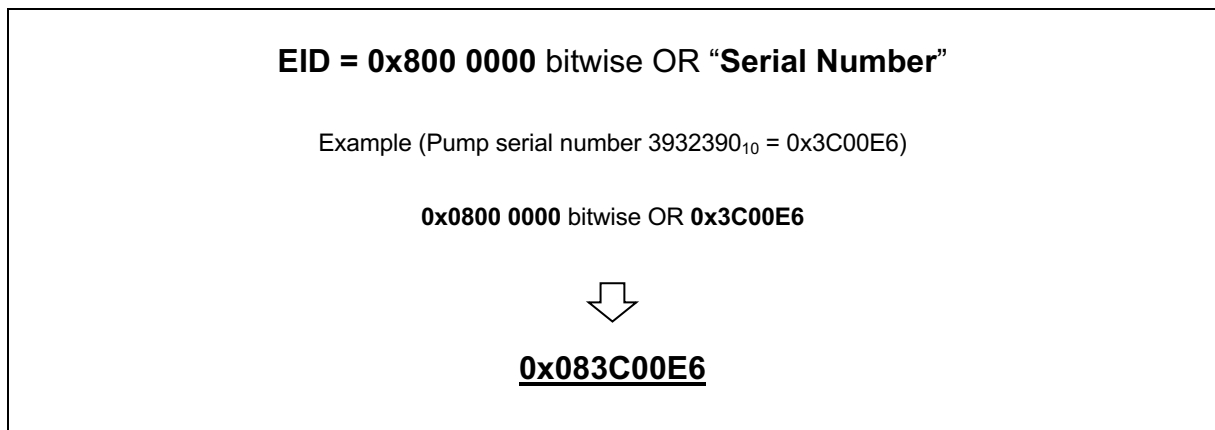
EID (29 bits) – 0x083C00E6	
SID (11 bits)	EID (18 bits)
010 0000 1111	00 0000 0000 1110 0110
0x20F	0xE6

0x083C00E6 >> 18	0x083C00E6 bitwise AND 0x3FFFF
(shift the requested EID 18 bits to the right)	Perform bitwise AND with EID and 0x3FFFF

14.2 MESSAGE FILTERING

The peristaltic pump continuously monitors messages on the CAN bus. As messages are received, the message identifier (EID) is compared to the filter/mask. If there is a match, the pump processes the message (frame). The first byte of the CAN message/frame is reserved to identify the command to be executed by the peristaltic pump or, when transmitting to a master device, to identify the data it is sending. The remaining bytes (up to 7) are reserved for the actual message data.

In order to accept the message, an EID (29-bits) must be created in the format described below.



If you use, for example, a 32-bit integer to compose the EID, you need to clean it up using bitwise AND 0x1FFFFFFF.

14.3 COMMANDS (PSEUDO-IDENTIFIER)

The commands (pseudo-identifiers) are used to identify the type of message that the peristaltic pump is sending or that the pump is to process. Commands sent to the pump (EID bit 28 = 0 and 27 = 1) may or may not contain values. Some commands contain only the command code in the data portion of the message. A command that contains a value must be processed back to the correct state.

The EID must be constructed correctly to send a message to the pump (see chapter 14.1.2).

Commands are identified by the code (value) of the first data byte of the CAN message (frame). The following bytes represent the data value of the parameter. The following data bytes (max. 7) represent the data value of the command.

EXAMPLE (READ)

CAN_STATUS message sent by pump with serial number 3932390₁₀.

Message/Frame:

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4	DATA5	DATA6	CRC
0x183C00E6	0x7	0x80	0x03	0x00	0x00	0x04	0x1B	0x78	0x717A

Extracting the serial number from the EID identifier (hexadecimal):

0x183C00E6 bitwise AND 0x3FFFFFFF = 0x3C00E6 (**3932390**₁₀)

Command Type

DATA0 = 0x80 -> CAN_STATUS

Command Data

DATA1 = 0x03 -> Peristaltic pump Preciflow

DATA2 = 0x00 -> STOP operating mode

DATA3 = 0x00 -> No error

DATA4 = 0x04 -> Software version (**major**.minor) -> 0x04.xx (**4 decimal**)

DATA5 = 0x1B -> Software version (major.**minor**) -> x.0x1B (**27 decimal**)

DATA6 = 0x78 -> Hardware version 0x78 -> **120 decimal**)

EXAMPLE (WRITE)

CAN_FLOW command to set pump speed to 1000 rpm with serial number 3932390₁₀.

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4
0x083C00E6	0x8	0x82	0x00	0x00	0x7A	0x44

For more information on how to represent each data type, see 14.3.3.

14.3.1 READ COMMANDS

The table lists the commands the pump sends and describes the information they provide. Some commands are sent asynchronously, see section (14.1). Only the meaning of the data part of the CAN message (frame) is described in the table. The whole message is described above.

COMMAND NAME	CODE (1 st data byte)	DATA LENGTH (bytes)	DESCRIPTION (DATA1-DATA7)	
			Byte order	Byte (value) significance
CAN_STATUS	0x80	7	0	Command identifier
			1	Device type 0x03 = PRECIFLOW 0x05 = HIFLOW 0x06 = MAXIFLOW 0x07 = MEGAFLOW
			2	Operating mode 0x00 = STOP (LOCAL) 0x01 = RUN (LOCAL) 0x02 = ALARM (LOCAL) 0x03 = REMOTE
			3	Error code 0 = no error 0x01 = ERR_IMAX_OVER 0x02 = ERR_PWM_OVER 0x03 = ERR_IMAX_F_OVER 0x04 = ERR_IMF_LIM_OVER 0x05 = ERR_MOT_STALL 0x06 = ERR_LID_OPEN 0x10 = ERR_PROG_END
			4	Software version (major, e.g. 4 ₁₀)
			5	Software version (minor, e.g. 26 ₁₀)
			6	Hardware version (e.g. 120 ₁₀)
			e.g. 0x80 0x03 0x00 0x00 0x04 0x1B 0x78	
CAN_FLOW	0x82	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Double data type Current set flow in rpm units
			e.g. 1000 rpm 0x82 0x00 0x00 0x7A 0x43	
CAN_ROTATION	0x88	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Integer data type Current set direction of rotor rotation 0x00000001 = CW 0xFFFFFFFF = CCW
			e.g. 0x88 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01	
CAN_DEV_NAME	0x81	0 – 8 (max 4x 8 bytes)	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-7	String data type Name of device (e.g. MegafLOW)
			e.g. 0x81 0x50 0x72 0x65 0x63 0x69 0x66 0x6C 0x81 0x6f 0x77 0x00	

For information about the data format, see the chapter 14.3.3.

14.3.2 WRITE COMMANDS

The table contains commands that can be used to control the pump or change parameter values. Only the commands, i.e., the data part of the CAN message, are described in the table. Creating a complete CAN message/frame is necessary for writing, as described in chapter 14.1.1.

COMMAND NAME	CODE (1 st data byte)	DATA LENGTH (bytes)	DESCRIPTION	
CAN_FLOW	0x82	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Double data type Current set flow in rpm units
			e.g. 1000 rpm 0x82 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x7A 0x44	
CAN_ROTATION	0x88	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Integer data type Current set direction of rotor rotation 0x00000001 = CW 0xFFFFFFFF = CCW
			e.g. 0x88 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01	
CAN_FLUID_NAME	0x86	0 – 8 (max 4x 8 bytes)	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-7	String data type Fluid name (e.g. BASE)
CAN_LOCATION	0x89	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Integer data type 0x01 = calls up the location function (display flashes)
			e.g. 0x89 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01	
CAN_PURPOSE	0x8A	5	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			1-4	Integer data type 0x00 = None 0x01 = ACID 0x02 = BASE 0x03 = FOAM 0x04 = FEED 0x05 = HARVEST 0x06 = PUMP-X 0x07 = PUMP-Y 0x08 = PUMP-Z
			e.g. 0x8A 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01	
CAN_MASTER	0x8C	1	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			e.g. 0x8C	
CAN_CLEAR_ERROR	0x8B	1	Byte order	Byte (value) significance
			0	Command identifier
			e.g. 0x8B	

For information about the data format, see the chapter 14.3.3.

14.3.3 DATA FORMAT

- Integer - 32-bit signed integer, in little-endian format with the Least Significant byte (LSB) at lower data byte (DATA1).

EXAMPLE, READ

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4
0x183C00E6	0x05	0x88	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x01

Result: 0x00000001 = 1₁₀

EXAMPLE, WRITE

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4
0x083C00E6	0x05	0x88	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF	0xFF

Change rotation (-1)

- Double (IEEE 754 floating point format, single-precision, 32bit) – values are represented in little-endian format with the Least Significant byte (LSB) at lower data byte (DATA1).

EXAMPLE, READ (CAN_FLOW)

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4
0x183C00E6	0x5	0x88	0x00	0x00	0x20	0x41

Result: 0x41200000 = 10₁₀ rpm

EXAMPLE, WRITE (CAN_FLOW)

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4
0x083C00E6	0x5	0x88	0x00	0x00	0x20	0x41

Result: 0x41200000 = 10₁₀ rpm

- Strings (ASCII characters)

Strings are represented as byte arrays (hexadecimal values of ASCII characters).

The maximum length of characters is limited to 32. The end of string is identified by byte **0x00**. The user application must ensure the creation of a chain based on the processing of up to 4 messages.

EXAMPLE, READ (CAN_DEV_NAME) – 1st message

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4	DATA5	DATA6	DATA7
0x183C00E6	0x8	0x81	0x50	0x72	0x65	0x63	0x69	0x66	0x6C

Result: 0x50 = 'P', 0x72 = 'r', 0x65 = 'e', 0x63 = 'c'; 0x69 = 'i', 0x66 = 'f', 0x6C = 'l'

EXAMPLE, READ (CAN_DEV_NAME) – 2nd message

EID	DLC	DATA0 (command code)	DATA1	DATA2	DATA3	DATA4	DATA5	DATA6	DATA7
0x183C00E6	0x8	0x81	0x6f	0x77	0x00				

Result: 0x6f = 'o', 0x77 = 'w', 0x00 = end

Final string = **Preciflow**

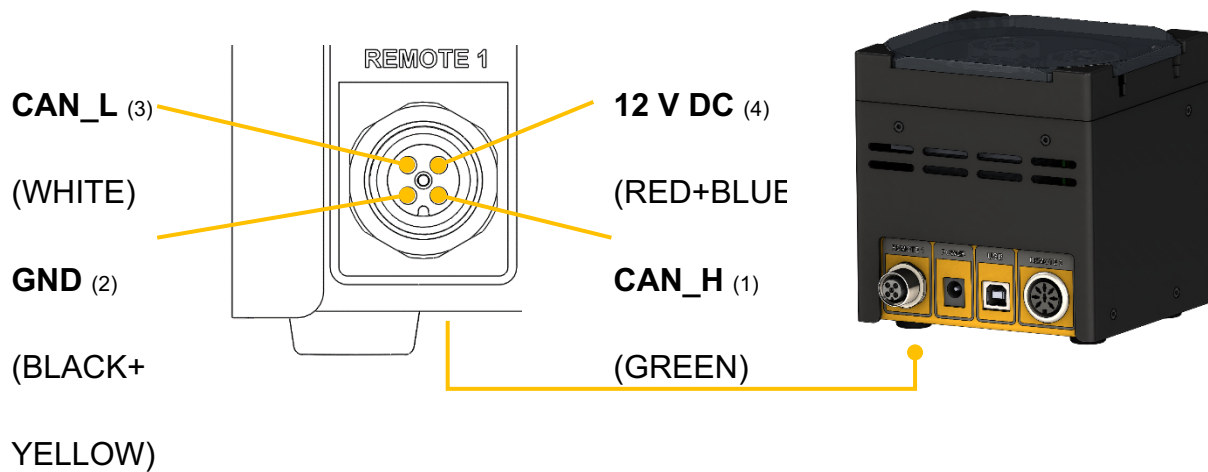
14.4 HEARTBEAT

Peristaltic pumps must accept the CAN_MASTER command to remain in REMOTE mode. If the peristaltic pump loses the connection, i.e., stops receiving this command, the motor automatically stops, and the pump switches from REMOTE mode to STOP mode (local control).

This method ensures that the peristaltic pump stops pumping the moment it loses contact with the element that controls it.

The limit for receiving the CAN_MASTER command is 15x the asynchronous transmission period (50 ms), i.e., approximately 750 milliseconds.

14.5 CONNECTOR WIRING



Marking	Color	Purpose
CAN_L	White	CAN-
CAN_H	Green	CAN+
GND	Black+Yellow	Ground (Device power supply)
12V DC	Red+Blue	Device power supply It is used to power the entire device instead of using an external power adapter. (If a power adapter is connected to the device, the voltage will also be present on this pin).



- The input voltage must not exceed 14V, the absolute maximum of 16V
- Take extra care not to reverse the polarity of 12V and GND

15 REMOTE 2 CONNECTOR FUNCTIONALITY

15.1 CONNECTOR WIRING

No.	Colour	Description
1	yellow	(+) input remote speed control 0-10V *)
2	grey	step signal from motor (0 and 12V)
3	green	earth, 0 V
4	brown	+ 12 V
5	white	(+) input remote ON/OFF; 0V = ON, 3–12 V = OFF
6	pink	earth, ground (GND)
7	red	RS 485 B (-)
8	blue	RS 485 A (+)

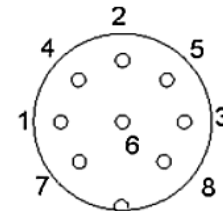
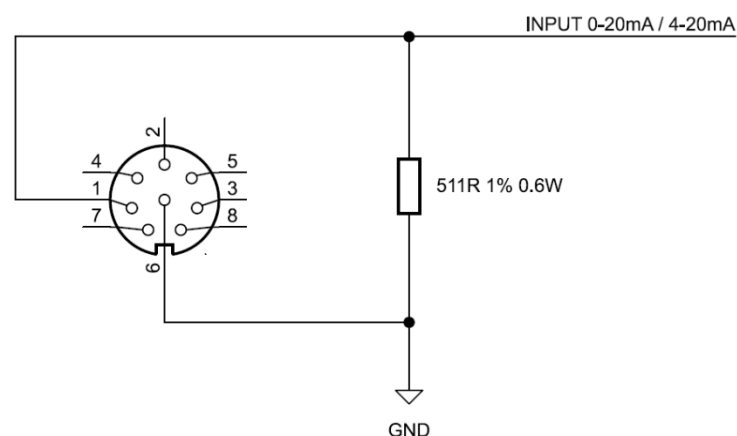


Figure 9-1 8-pole connector

*) (zero line connected to the contact no. 3)

15.2 CONNECTION OF ANALOG INPUT 0-20 mA / 4-20 mA



15.3 RS COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

15.3.1 FORMAT OF DATA SENT BY THE PC TO THE PUMP AND BACK

Data sent by the PC: #ss mm a ddd qs c
 Data sent back by the pump: <mm ss a ddd qs c
 where,

- #** is the first sign of a command sent by PC
- <** is the first sign of a message sent by pump
- ss** is the address of the pump
- mm** is the address of the PC
- a** is the command for the sense of rotation:
- r** for clockwise (cw) rotation (to the right)
- l** for counter-clockwise (ccw) rotation (to the left)
- ddd** is the speed of rotation (3 ASCII numbers from 0 to 9; sent from the highest order digit to the lowest order digit)
- qs** is the control sum in HEX format (2 ASCII signs of the type 0...9ABCDEF)
- c** is the end sign cr (carriage return) The pump will fulfill the task and block any manual command on the pump front panel.

15.3.2 COMMANDS NOT CONTAINING DATA

ss mm **g** qs c activates the local command of the pump
 # ss mm **s** qs c the pump is stopped
 # ss mm **G** qs c to send pump data to the PC

15.3.3 CHECKSUM CONTROL

The PC sends: #0201r123EEcr

The control sum (checksum) qs is made in the following way (only the last byte (2 ASCII characters of the type 0...9ABCDEF) is taken):

#	0	2	0	1	r	1	2	3	EE (last byte)	cr
23h	+30h	+32h	+30h	+31h	+72h	+31h	+32h	+33h	=1EEh	0Dh

15.3.4 FORMAT OF THE DATA TRANSMISSION

Speed: 2400 Bd (Baud)
 8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit

These settings are for backward compatibility with previous generation devices.

15.3.5 EXAMPLES

Address of the PC: 01
Address of the pump: 02

The PC sends: #0201r123EEcr
The pump will rotate cw at the speed of 123

The PC sends: #0201G2Dcr
The answer of the pump: <0102r12307cr

The PC sends: #0201l123E8cr
The pump will rotate ccw at the speed of 123.

The PC sends: #0201s59cr
The pump stops.
The PC sends: #0201g4Dcr
The pump will go to the local command (pump front panel is activated).

15.4 RS COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL FOR THE ON-BOARD INTEGRATOR

15.4.1 FORMAT OF DATA SENT BY THE PC TO THE PUMP AND BACK

From the PC to the INTEGRATOR:

#ss mm z qs c

From the INTEGRATOR to the PC:

<mm ss = qs c confirmation of the reception of a command
<mm ss dddd qs c sending of the requested data

where,

#	is the first sign of a command sent by the MASTER (PC)
<	is the first sign of a message sent by the SLAVE (INTEGRATOR)
ss	is the address of the subordinate station (address of the instrument with integrated INTEGRATOR)
mm	is the address of the commanding station (PC)
z	is a command (see below): small letters indicate a command, capital letters request data transfer from the subordinate station
=	confirmation of reception
aa	new address of the subordinate station (ss) (two numbers and possibly other ASCII characters A B C D E F)
dddd	transferred data (values are two bytes in hexadecimal form. Single bytes are transformed into two ASCII characters 0,...,9,A,B,C,D,E,F)

qs is the control sum (obtained by the addition modulo 256 of binary values of all preceding characters including the leading sign) in HEX format (2 ASCII signs of the type 0...9ABCDEF)

c is the end sign cr (carriage return)

15.4.2 COMMANDS FOR THE INTEGRATOR

n reset (sets the INTEGRATOR to zero)

i start of integration

e stop of integration

I sends the integrated value

N sends the integrated value and sets the integrator to zero

L sends the integrated value ccw rotation (to the left) (not for DOSER)

R sends the integrated value of cw rotation (to the right)

15.4.3 EXAMPLES

Address of the PC: 01

Address of the instrument with on-board INTEGRATOR: 02

The PC sends: **#0201I2Fcr**

The control sum (checksum) qs is made in the following way (only the **last byte** (2 ASCII characters of the type 0...9ABCDEF) is taken):

#	0	2	0	1	I	2F (last byte)	cr
23h	+30h	+32h	+30h	+31h	+49h	=12Fh	0Dh

The PC sends: **#0201i4Fcr**

i.e. in hexadecimal form: 23h 30h 32h 30h 31h 69h 34h 46h 0Dh

This means: For a subordinate station (SLAVE) with address 02 from commanding station (MASTER) with address 01

Start of integration

The control sum is 14Fh (last byte: **4F**); end of message cr (carriage return)

The INTEGRATOR answers: <0102=3Ccr

The PC sends: **#0201N34cr**

The INTEGRATOR answers: <0102N03C225cr (integrated value is 03C2h) and resets to zero

The PC sends: **#0201e4Bcr**

The integration will be stopped and the command will be confirmed.

The INTEGRATOR answers: <0102=3Ccr

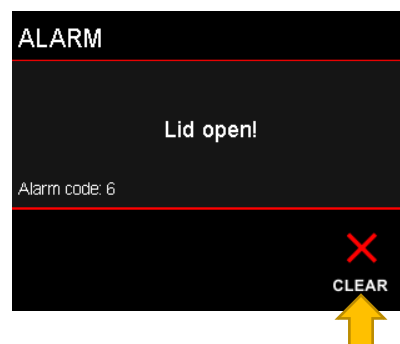
16 ALARMS

In the event that any error occurs or user intervention is required, the pump will go into ALARM. Each alarm has its own separate identification code. The alarm can be accompanied by an audible alarm if it is active, the audible alarm is active for the entire time the alarm screen is displayed.



The acoustic alarm can be switched on/off in the menu (see chapter “6.5.4 Sound”).

- To cancel the alarm, click on **"CLEAR"**



16.1 ALARM CODES

Code	Name	Description
1	Motor overload (IMAX)	The maximum instantaneous current through the engine has been exceeded. Very fast electronics protection. If the code is called, check that the rotor is not blocked.

2	Motor overload (MAX_PWM)	Maximum motor excitation has been reached. The motor needs more current to reach the preset power. A sufficiently powerful power supply is probably not connected.
3	Motor overload (I_MAX_F)	Safety current limit exceeded. Occurs if the rotor is blocked (wrongly inserted hose, pinched hose, etc.). Generally the motor is overloaded.
4	Motor overload (IMF_LIM)	Safety current limit exceeded. Occurs if the rotor is blocked (wrongly inserted tube, pinched tube, etc.). Generally the motor is overloaded.
5	Rotor stalled	The rotor is blocked. Applies to PRECIFLOW pumps. Check the tube. Check the glass cover. See chapter “5 Tubing for LAMBDA Peristaltic Pumps”.
6	Lid opened	Glass cover is not properly installed on the head or is not present. Check the glass cover. See chapter “5 Tubing for LAMBDA Peristaltic Pumps”.

10	Program finished	The current program has been completed, all segments of the program have been processed.
11	Program has no data	You are trying to run a program in which no segments are set. Go to the program settings and set the batching segments. See chapter "9.4 Edit program".

17 LIST OF ACCESSORIES

- 800113 Stainless steel tubing clamp

Tubing for LAMBDA PRECIFLOW *touch*, HiFLOW *touch* & MAXIFLOW *touch*:

(Article number, material, inner diameter/outer diameter, length)

- 4815-1 Silicone tubing 0.5/2.5 mm x 10 m
- 4815-2 Silicone tubing 1/3 mm x 10 m
- 4815-3 Silicone tubing 2/4 mm x 10 m
- **4815-4 Silicone tubing 3/5 mm x 10 m**
- 4815-5 Silicone tubing 4/6 mm x 10 m
- 4815-3v Viton tubing 2/4 mm x 5 m
- 4815-4v Viton tubing 3/5 mm x 5 m

Tubing for LAMBDA MEGAFLOW *touch*:

(Article number, material, inner diameter/outer diameter, length)

- 800100-26-25m Silicone tubing 2/6 mm x 25 m

- **800100-48-25m** **Silicone tubing 4/8 mm x 25 m**
- 800100-610-25m Silicone tubing 6/10 mm x 25 m
- 800100-812-25m Silicone tubing 8/12 mm x 25 m

Revision history

Rev	Description
5	Reorganization of chapters (direct mode / program mode)
6	Added USB and CAN communication chapters
7	Added chapter with connector wiring
8	Updated chapters 12.1, 12.3, 12.4
9	Large revision of chapter 13
10	Product name extension " <i>touch</i> ". Added chapter 9.5 (pause of program, continue/restart). Format aspects: line spacing, font, font size, homogeneity, correct use of language.
11	Format aspects (remove of split of tables, diagram corrections)
12	Large revision for software version 5.00 or later
13	Added chapters 14.3, 15 (Alarms)
14	Terminology correction
15	4-20mA cable illustration, added 4-20mA description to chapter 6. Added chapter 14.2
16	Added chapter 11 (Preventive Maintenance and Cleaning); minor corrections